ANNUAL REPORT for the year ended December 31, 2023

INDY OAK TOD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT (the "District")

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 32-1-207(3)(c), C.R.S., and Section VII of the District's Service Plan as approved by the City of Lakewood, Colorado on September 25, 2017 ("Service Plan"), the District submits the following information and attachments for the report year ending December 31, 2023:

1. A narrative summary of the progress of the District in implementing its Service Plan:

The District was organized on November 28, 2017, and continues to implement the provisions of the Service Plan. Development within the boundaries of the District is complete.

2. Except when an exemption from audit has been granted for the report year under the Local Government Audit Law, the audited financial statements of the District for the report year including a statement of financial condition (i.e., balance sheet) as of December 31 of the report year and the statement of operations (i.e., revenues and expenditures) for the report year:

A copy of the District's 2023 Audit is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

3. Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the capital expenditures incurred by the District in development of public improvements in the report year:

The District did not incur capital expenditures in development of public improvements during 2023.

4. Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the financial obligations of the District at the end of the report year, including the amount of outstanding indebtedness, the amount and terms of any new District indebtedness or long-term obligations issued in the report year, the amount of payment or retirement of existing indebtedness of the District in the report year, the total assessed valuation of all taxable properties within the District as of January 1 of the report year, and the current mill levy of the District pledged to debt retirement in the report year:

In 2020, the District issued its \$3,220,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2020A (the "Series 2020A Bonds") and \$736,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2020B (the "Series 2020B Bonds," and together with the Series 2020A Bonds, the "Series 2020 Bonds"), the proceeds of which were used to reimburse a portion of capital developer advances and interest accrued thereon.

In July 2023, the District refinanced the Series 2020 Bonds through the incurrence of its \$3,804,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax) Refunding Loan, Series 2023 (the "Series 2023 Loan"). Through the refinancing, the District anticipates reducing interest costs and lowering its annual debt service mill levy. Proceeds from the Series 2023 Loan and certain other on-hand funds were placed in escrow to pay 2023 and future debt service and to redeem the Series 2020 Bonds per the schedule set forth in the financing documents for the Series 2023 Loan.

The final assessed valuation of the District in 2023 was \$5,302,170 per the Certification of Valuation from Jefferson County dated December 14, 2023. A copy of the Certification of Valuation is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u> and Certification of Tax Levies is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C</u>.

5. Boundary changes made:

No boundary changes were made or proposed during 2023.

6. Intergovernmental agreements entered into or terminated:

No intergovernmental agreements were entered into or terminated in 2023.

7. Access information to obtain a copy of rules and regulations adopted:

Rules and regulations adopted by the District may be accessed at the offices of Special District Management Services, Inc., 141 Union Blvd., Suite 150, Lakewood, CO 80228, 303-987-0835, or on the District's website: https://indyoaktodmd.colorado.gov/.

8. Summary of litigation involving the District's public improvements:

To our knowledge, there is no litigation involving the District's public improvements.

9. Status of the District's construction of public improvements:

See item No. 1 above.

10. Conveyances or dedications of facilities or improvements, constructed by the District, to the City:

The District did not convey or dedicate any facilities or improvements to the City in 2023.

11. Current year's budget:

A copy of the District's 2024 budget is attached hereto as Exhibit D.

12. Notice of any uncured events of default by the District, which continue beyond a ninety (90) day period, under any debt instrument:

To our knowledge, there are no uncured events of default by the District which continue beyond a ninety (90) day period.

13. Any inability of the District to pay its obligations as they come due, in accordance with the terms of such obligations, which continues beyond a ninety (90) day period:

To our knowledge, the District has been able to pay its obligations as they come due.

<u>Exhibit A</u> 2023 Audit

Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2023

with

Independent Auditor's Report

<u>C O N T E N T S</u>

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	Ι
Basic Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds	2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	3
Notes to Financial Statements	4
Supplemental Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	18
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund	19
Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected	20



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Board of Directors Indy Oak TOD Metropolitan District Jefferson County, Colorado

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Indy Oak TOD Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Indy Oak TOD Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Wippei LLP

Wipfli LLP Denver, Colorado

July 27, 2024

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

				Debt		Capital				Statement
		General		Service		Projects		Total	Adjustments	Net Position
ASSETS					-	_				
Cash and investments	\$	249,656	\$	-	\$	-	\$	249,656	\$ -	\$ 249,656
Cash and investments - restricted		16,732		84,034		365,935		466,701	-	466,701
Receivable - County Treasurer		1,041		1,103		-		2,144	-	2,144
Property taxes receivable		293,915		226,090		-		520,005	-	520,005
Homeowner receivable		6,305		-		-		6,305	-	6,305
Prepaid expenses		3,036		-		-		3,036	-	3,036
Capital assets not being depreciated		-		-		-		-	3,870,065	3,870,065
Total Assets		570,685	_	311,227		365,935		1,247,847	3,870,065	5,117,912
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred loss on refunding				-		-		-	159,868	159,868
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources						-	_		159,868	159,868
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	570,685	\$	311,227	\$	365,935	\$	1,247,847		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	34,772	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,772	-	34,772
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-	20,402	20,402
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		-		-		-		-	10,000	10,000
Due in more than one year		_		_		-	_	_	5,324,134	5,324,134
Total Liabilities		34,772		-		_		34,772	5,354,536	5,389,308
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred property taxes		293,915		226,090		-		520,005	-	520,005
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		293,915		226,090	_	-	_	520,005		520,005
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION										
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaids		3,036		-		-		3,036	(3,036)	-
Restricted:										
Emergencies		16,732		-		-		16,732	(16,732)	-
Debt service		-		85,137		-		85,137	(85,137)	-
Capital projects		-		-		365,935		365,935	(365,935)	-
Unassigned		222,230						222,230	(222,230)	
Total Fund Balances		241,998		85,137		365,935		693,070	(693,070)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	¢	570 (95	¢	211 227	¢	265.025	¢	1 247 947		
and Fund Balances	\$	570,685	\$	311,227	\$	365,935	\$	1,247,847		
Net Position:										
Net investment in capital assets									(1,454,069)	(1,454,069)
Restricted for:										
Emergencies									16,732	16,732
Debt service									64,735	64,735
Capital projects									365,935	365,935
Unrestricted									375,134	375,134
Total Net Position									<u>\$ (631,533)</u>	<u>\$ (631,533)</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		~ .		Debt		Capital				Statement
		<u>General</u>		Service		Projects		<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Activities</u>
EXPENDITURES										
Accounting and audit	\$	23,045	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,045	\$ - 5	\$ 23,045
Insurance		4,052		-		-		4,052	-	4,052
Legal		75,691		-		-		75,691	-	75,691
Management fees		55,353		-		-		55,353 7,376	-	55,353
Miscellaneous expenses Pet waste pickup		7,376 423		-		-		423	-	7,376 423
Snow removal		19,695		-		-		19,695	-	19,695
Landscape costs		57,049		_		_		57,049	-	57,049
Water and sewer		93,355		-		-		93,355	-	93,355
Trash removal		32,129		-		-		32,129	-	32,129
Utilities		3,812		-		-		3,812	-	3,812
Treasurer's fees		3,522		3,733		-		7,255	-	7,255
Loan interest		-		84,946		-		84,946	3,375	88,321
Bond interest expense		-		153,472		-		153,472	19,164	172,636
Trustee fees		-		7,000		-		7,000	-	7,000
Cost of issuance		-		170,770		-		170,770	-	170,770
Interest on developer advances		-	-				-		94,484	94,484
Total Expenditures	_	375,502		419,921		_		795,423	117,023	912,446
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Homeowner fees		158,780						158,780	<u> </u>	158,780
Total Program Revenues	_	158,780						158,780	<u> </u>	158,780
Net Program Income (Expenses)		(216,722)		(419,921)		-		(636,643)	(117,023)	(753,666)
GENERAL REVENUES										
Property taxes		234,735		248,793		-		483,528	-	483,528
Specific ownership taxes		16,798		17,804		-		34,602	-	34,602
Interest and other income		20,953		16,937	_	9,941		47,831	<u> </u>	47,831
Total General Revenues	_	272,486	_	283,534		9,941	_	565,961	<u> </u>	565,961
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES		55,764		(136,387)		9,941		(70,682)	(117,023)	(187,705)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Loan proceeds		-		3,804,000		-		3,804,000	(3,804,000)	-
Payment to escrow agent		-		(4,197,293)		-		(4,197,293)	4,197,293	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(393,293)		_		(393,293)	393,293	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		55,764		(529,680)		9,941		(463,975)	463,975	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION									(187,705)	(187,705)
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:										
BEGINNING OF YEAR		186,234		614,817		355,994		1,157,045	(1,600,873)	(443,828)
END OF YEAR	\$	241,998	\$	85,137	\$	365,935	\$	693,070	\$ (1,324,603)	
			_				_			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Variance			
	Original & Final	A / 1	Favorable		
REVENUES	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)		
Property taxes	\$ 234,735	\$ 234,735	\$-		
Specific ownership taxes	\$ 234,733 18,838	16,798	» - (2,040)		
Interest and other income	18,838				
Homeowner fees	156,480	20,953 158,780	20,903 2,300		
Homeowner rees	150,400	130,700	2,300		
Total Revenues	410,103	431,266	21,163		
EXPENDITURES					
Accounting and audit	18,000	23,045	(5,045)		
Election expense	10,000	-	10,000		
Insurance	4,500	4,052	448		
Legal	60,000	75,691	(15,691)		
Management fees	70,525	55,353	15,172		
Miscellaneous expenses	8,000	7,376	624		
Pet waste pickup	3,000	423	2,577		
Snow removal	60,000	19,695	40,305		
Other maintenance	28,500	-	28,500		
Landscape costs	65,000	57,049	7,951		
Water and sewer	95,000	93,355	1,645		
Trash removal	30,807	32,129	(1,322)		
Utilities	10,000	3,812	6,188		
Treasurer's fees	3,521	3,522	(1)		
Reserve	85,000	-	85,000		
Contingency	25,522	-	25,522		
Emergency reserve	16,556	-	16,556		
Total Expenditures	593,931	375,502	218,429		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(183,828)	55,764	239,592		
FUND BALANCE:					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	183,828	186,234	2,406		
END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	\$ 241,998	\$ 241,998		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Indy Oak TOD Metropolitan District ("District"), located in City of Lakewood, Jefferson County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on November 28, 2017, as a quasi-municipal corporation established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District operates pursuant to a service plan approved by the City of Lakewood (the "City") on September 25, 2017 (the "Service Plan"). The District was established to provide for the design, acquisition, construction, installation, and financing of certain water, sanitation, street, safety protection, park and recreation, transportation and mosquito control improvements and services and provide covenant enforcement within the District. The District is responsible for operating and maintaining park and recreation improvements and is also required to undertake the operations and maintenance responsibilities for the public improvements that are not conveyed to the City or other governmental entities. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. Total appropriations were amended in the Debt Service Fund.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2023, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash on hand. Investments for the government are reported at net asset value.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Nonspendable Fund Balance in the General Fund relates to prepaid expenses.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$16,732 of the General Fund balance has been reserved in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$85,137 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Series 2023 Loan (see Note 4).

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$365,935 is restricted for the payment of the costs for capital improvements within the District.

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive classification first when more than one classification is available

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2023, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 249,656
Cash and investments - restricted	466,701
Total	\$ <u>716,357</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist	of the	following:
Deposits with financial institutions	\$	138,778
COLOTRUST		<u>577,579</u>
Total	\$	<u>716,357</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value for COLOTRUST is calculated using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investment:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint ventures established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period. Colotrust operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. Colotrust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. Designated custodian banks provide safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST Substantially all securities owned by the trusts are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. At December 31, 2023, the District had \$577,579 invested in COLOTRUST.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023, follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Type Activities:	1/1/2023	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2023
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$3,870,065	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,870,065
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,870,065			3,870,065
Government type assets, net	\$3,870,065	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 3,870,065

Note 4: Long Term Debt

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

\$3,220,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2020A and \$736,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2020B On April 16, 2020, the District issued \$3,220,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2020A ("Series 2020A Bonds") and \$736,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2020B ("Series 2020B Bonds") for the purpose of paying or reimbursing Project Costs, paying the cost of issuance of the Bonds, and, with respect to the Series 2020A Bonds only, funding the Senior Reserve Fund and funding a portion of interest to accrue on the Series 2020A Bonds. The Series 2020A Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.50%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2020. The Series 2020B Bonds bear interest at the rate of 8.0%, payable annually on December 15, commencing on December 15, 2020, to the extent that Subordinate Pledged Revenue is available. The Series 2020A Bonds are subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption commencing on December 1, 2023 and are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, commencing on December 1, 2026, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium that ranges between 0% and 3%. The Series 2020B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, commencing on June 1, 2025, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium that ranges between 0% and 3%.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The Series 2020A Bonds are secured by the Senior Required Mill Levy, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Senior Required Mill Levy, Senior Reserve Fund and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District. The Series 2020B Bonds are secured by the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy, the amounts, if any, in the Senior Surplus Fund after the termination of such fund pursuant to the Senior Indenture and any other legally available moneys as determined by the District. On July 27, 2023, the Series 2020A Bonds and the Series 2020 B Bonds were paid in full with funds from the issuance of the Taxable (Converting to Tax-Exempt) Refunding Loan, Series 2023.

Taxable (Converting to Tax-Exempt) Refunding Loan, Series 2023

On July 27, 2023, the District entered into a Loan Agreement with Zions Bankcorporation N.A. d/b/a Vectra Bank Colorado ("Lender") to incur a Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Loan in the amount of \$3,804,000, Series 2023 ("Series 2023 Loan") for the purpose of repaying the Series 2020A Bonds and the 2020B Bonds, and paying the costs of issuance. The Series 2023 Loan bears interest at the taxable rate of 6.33%, which is anticipated to convert to a tax-exempt rate of 5.06% on the Conversion Date. Interest payments on the Series 2023 Loan are due on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2023. Principal payments on the Series 2023 Loan matures on December 1, 2053.

At its option the District may prepay all or any part of the principal of the Series 2023 Loan upon payment to the Bank of the principal amount so prepaid and accrued interest thereon to the prepayment date, on and after December 3, 2026. The District may not prepay the Series 2023 Loan, with the exception of annual prepayment of the Series 2023 Loan with excess debt service mill levy revenues, prior to, and including December 2, 2026.,

The Series 2023 Loan was issued in order to fully refund the Districts' prior 2020A and 2020B Bonds, resulting in a net present value loss of \$182,779. The refunding was undertaken to allow the District to lower its mill levy.

Events of Default under the 2023 Loan include but are not limited to the following as more further described in the Loan Agreement (a) Failure by the District to impose the Required Mill Levy; (b) On and after the Unlimited Tax Receipt Date, the District fails to pay the principal of, premium if any, or interest on the Bonds when due; (c) the District commences any case, proceeding, or other action under any existing or future law of any jurisdiction relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or relief of debtors, seeking to have an order for relief entered with respect to it or seeking to adjudicate it insolvent or a bankrupt or seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, winding up, liquidation, dissolution, composition, or other relief with respect to it or its debts. Acceleration of payments shall not be an available remedy for an Event of Default.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2023:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	1/1/2023	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2023	Portion
General Obligation Bonds					
Series 2020A Bonds	\$ 3,220,000	\$ -	\$ 3,220,000	\$ -	\$ -
Series 2020B Bonds	736,000	-	736,000	-	-
Direct Borrowing					
Series 2023 Loan	-	3,804,000	-	3,804,000	10,000
Developer advance	1,180,932	-	-	1,180,932	-
Developer advance interest	254,718	94,484		349,202	
Total	\$ 5,391,650	\$ 3,898,484	\$ 3,956,000	\$ 5,334,134	\$ 10,000

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2023 Loan.

	Principal	Interest		Total
2024	\$ 10,000	\$	244,806	\$ 254,806
2025	21,000		206,956	227,956
2026	39,000		193,565	232,565
2027	44,000		191,565	235,565
2028	50,000		189,826	239,826
2029-2033	327,000		903,621	1,230,621
2034-2038	506,000		802,662	1,308,662
2039-2043	703,000		652,538	1,355,538
2044-2048	924,000		450,262	1,374,262
2048-2050	 1,180,000		187,583	 1,367,583
	\$ 3,804,000	\$	4,023,384	\$ 7,827,384

Debt Authorization

On November 7, 2017, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in the amount not to exceed \$35,000,000 for public improvements. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$5,000,000. As of December 31, 2023, the District had \$1,044,000 remaining authority under the Service Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Other Agreements

Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement

The District and Century at Oak Street, LLC ("Developer") entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement dated December 14, 2017 with an effective date of November 28, 2017, (the "FFAA"). Pursuant to the FFAA, the Developer agrees to make advances, not to exceed \$5,000,000 to the District for the purpose of funding organization expenses, construction of public improvements and the acquisition of public improvements constructed by the Developer. The District agrees to repay these advances, together with accrued interest at a rate of 8% per annum. The FFAA does not constitute debt, but is an annual appropriations agreement intended to be repaid through a future bond issuance. The FFAA further provides that if the District has not repaid or reimbursed the Developer for any organizational expenses, construction related expenses and/or verified costs by December 31, 2048, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding under the FFAA on such date will be deemed forever discharged and satisfied in full. At December 31, 2023, principal and interest due under this agreement was \$1,180,932 and \$349,202 respectively.

Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement

The District and Century at Pearson Grove, LLC ("Pearson Grove Developer") entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement dated March 30, 2020 with an effective date of November 28, 2017 (the "Pearson Grove FFAA"). Pursuant to the Pearson Grove FFAA, the Pearson Grove Developer agrees to make advances, not to exceed \$5,000,000 to the District for the purpose of funding organization expenses, construction of public improvements, and the acquisition of public improvements constructed by the Pearson Grove Developer. The District agrees to repay these advances, together with accrued interest at a rate of 8% per annum. The Pearson Grove FFAA does not constitute debt, but is an annual appropriations agreement intended to be repaid through a future bond issuance. The Pearson Grove Developer for any organizational expenses, construction related expenses, and/or verified costs by December 31, 2048, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding under the Pearson Grove FFAA on such date will be deemed forever discharged and satisfied in full. At December 31, 2023, no amount was due under this agreement.

Note 6: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 7, 2017, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Note 7: <u>Risk Management</u>

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 8: <u>Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The <u>Government Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and,
- 2) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, developer advances payable and accrued interest on bonds and developer advances are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund</u> <u>Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are held as construction in progress pending transfer to other governmental entities or depreciated over their useful lives;
- 2) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method in the statement of activities; and,
- 3) governmental funds report developer advances and/or bond proceeds as revenue and report interest as expenditures; however, these are reported as changes to long-term liabilities on the government-wide financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>		
REVENUES					*				
Property taxes	\$	248,793	\$	248,793	\$	248,793	\$	-	
Specific ownership taxes		19,898		19,898		17,804		(2,094)	
Interest and other income		-				16,937		16,937	
Total Revenues		268,691		268,691		283,534		14,843	
EXPENDITURES									
Bond interest expense		261,047		88,550		153,472		(64,922)	
Bond principal		15,000		-		-		-	
Loan interest		-		90,000		84,946		5,054	
Trustee fees		4,000		4,000		7,000		(3,000)	
Cost of issuance				200,000		170,770		29,230	
Treasurer's fees		3,732		3,732		3,733		(1)	
Total Expenditures		283,779		386,282		419,921		(33,639)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(15,088)		(117,591)		(136,387)		(18,796)	
		(15,088)		(117,391)		(130,387)		(18,790)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Loan proceeds		-		3,820,000		3,804,000		(16,000)	
Payment to escrow agent		-		(4,285,000)		(4,197,293)		87,707	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(465,000)		(393,293)		71,707	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(15,088)		(582,591)		(529,680)		52,911	
FUND BALANCE:									
BEGINNING OF YEAR		598,238		583,150		614,817		31,667	
END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	583,150	\$	559	\$	85,137	\$	84,578	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Variance		
	Original & Final	Favorable			
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES					
Interest and other income	<u>\$ -</u> 5	\$ 9,941	\$ 9,941		
Total Revenues		9,941	9,941		
EXPENDITURES					
Capital improvements	349,302	-	349,302		
Total Expenditures	349,302		349,302		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(349,302)	9,941	359,243		
FUND BALANCE:					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	349,302	355,994	6,692		
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 365,935	\$ 365,935		

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2023

Year Ended	fo	Prior ar Assessed Valuation or Current ar Property	Mills I	evied		Total Proj	per	ty Tax	Percent Collected
December 31,	-	<u> Fax Levy</u>	General Fund	Debt Service	Debt ServiceLeviedCol		Levied Collect		to Levied
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	352,299 754,730 2,369,065 3,245,283 3,454,618 4,346,943	106.000 56.000 56.611 56.611 56.611 54.000	0.000 55.277 55.664 55.664 55.664 57.234	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	37,344 83,984 265,987 364,364 387,867 483,528	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	14,094 83,984 265,987 360,775 387,868 483,528	37.74% 100.00% 100.00% 99.01% 100.00%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2024	\$	5,302,170	55.433	42.641	\$	520,005			

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

<u>Exhibit B</u> 2023 Certification of Valuation

SCOT KERSGAARD

Assessor

OFFICE OF THE ASSESSOR 100 Jefferson County Parkway Golden, CO 80419-2500 Phone: 303-271-8600 Fax:303-271-8616 Website: http://assessor.jeffco.us E-mail Address: assessor@jeffco.us

Code # 4437

CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION

The Jefferson County Assessor reports a taxable assessed valuation for your taxing entity for 2023 of:

\$5,302,170

The breakdown of the taxable valuation of your property is enclosed. The certification reflects any adjustments enacted by the Legislature, including adjustments resulting from Senate Bill 22-238 and Senate Bill 23B-001.

With the passage of SB23B-001, you are required to officially certify your levy to the Board of County Commissioners no later than January 10, 2024.

Pursuant to SB23B-001, this office must transmit a notification by January 3, 2024 of any changes to valuation made after the original certification.

> SCOT KERSGAARD Jefferson County Assessor

December 14, 2023

INDY OAK TOD METRO SPECIAL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT, PEGGY **RIPKO** 141 UNION BLVD 150 LAKEWOOD CO 80228



NAME OF TAX ENTITY:

 \boxtimes YES \Box NO

New Tax Entity

CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY JEFFERSON COUNTY ASSESSOR

USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATION ("5.5%" LIMIT) ONLY

INDY OAK TOD METRO

Date: December 14, 2023

	CCORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) AND 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR TIFIES THE TOTAL VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023:								
1.	PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	1.	\$	4,346,861					
2.	CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: ‡	2.	\$	5,302,170					
3.	LESS TOTAL TIF AREA INCREMENTS, IF ANY:	3.	\$	0					
4.	CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	4.	\$	5,302,170					
5.	NEW CONSTRUCTION: *	5.	\$	0					
6.	INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINE: \approx	6.	\$	0					
7.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	7.	\$	0					
8.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: \approx	8.	\$	0					
9.	NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS LEASEHOLD OR LAND (29-1-301(1)(b), C.R.S.): Φ	9.	\$	0					
10.	TAXES RECEIVED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29- 1-301(1)(A), C.R.S.). Includes all revenue collected on valuation not previously certified:	10.	\$	0					
11.	TAXES ABATED AND REFUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a), C.R.S.) and (39-10-114(1)(a)(I)(B), C.R.S.):	11.	\$	0					
* ≈ Φ	This value reflects personal property exemptions IF enacted by the jurisdiction as authroized by Art. X, Sec 20(8)(b), Colo. Constituion New construction is defined as: Taxable real property structures and the personal property connected with the structure. Jurisdiction must submit to the Division of Local Government respective Certifications of Impact in order for the values to be treated as growth in the limit calculation; use Forms DLG 52 & 52A.								
	USE FOR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ON	LY							
IN A	CCORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC.20, COLO. CONSTITUTION AND 39-5-121(2)(b), C.R.S., THE ASSESSOR CERTIFI	IES							
	TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023:								
1.	CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: ¶	1.	\$	77,836,785					
ADI	DITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY								
2.	CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS:	2.	\$	0					
3.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	3.	\$	0					
4.	INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: §	4.	\$	0					
5.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY:	5.	\$	0					
6.	OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL:	6.	\$	0					
7.	TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX	7.	\$	0					
7.	WARRANT: (If land and/or a structure is picked up as omitted property for multiple years, only the most current year's actual value can be reported as omitted property.):	7.	ψ	0					
DEI	LETIONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY								
8.	DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS:	8.	\$	0					
9.	DISCONNECTIONS/EXCLUSIONS:	9.	\$	0					
10.	PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY:	10.	\$	0					
¶	This includes the actual value of all taxable real property plus the actual value of religious, private school, and charitable real			Ũ					
* §	Construction is defined as newly constructed taxable real property structures. Includes production from new mines and increases in production of existing producing mines.	r r							
IN A	CCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES TO SCH	IOOL I							
1.	TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY	1.	\$	78,137,753					
	CCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1.5), C.R.S., THE ASSESSOR PROVIDES:		¢						
HB2 **	21-1312 VALUE OF EXEMPT BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY (ESTIMATED): ** The tax revenue lost due to this exempted value will be reimbursed to the tax entity by the County Treasurer in accordance		\$	0					
	with 39-3-119.5(3), C.R.S.								

NOTE: ALL LEVIES MUST BE CERTIFIED TO THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 15.

<u>Exhibit C</u> Certification of Tax Levies

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments

TO: County Commissioners ¹ of <u>Jefferson County</u>		, Colorado.
On behalf of the Indy Oak Tod Metropolitan District		,
	ixing entity) ^A	
the <u>Board of Directors</u>	overning body) ^B	
of the Indy Oak Tod Metropolitan District	cal government) ^C	
Hereby officially certifies the following mills to be levied against the taxing entity's GROSS \$	5,302,170 ssessed valuation, Line 2 of the Certificat	tion of Valuation Form DLG 57 ^E)
	0 sessed valuation, Line 4 of the Certificati JE FROM FINAL CERTIFICATION BY ASSESSOR NO LATER THAN	OF VALUATION PROVIDED
		<u>2024</u> .
(not later than Dec. 15) (mm/dd/yyyy)	((уууу)
PURPOSE (see end notes for definitions and examples)	LEVY ²	REVENUE ²
1. General Operating Expenses ^H	<u>54.000</u> mills	\$ 234,735
 <minus> Temporary General Property Tax Credit/ Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction^I</minus> 	<u>< > mills</u>	<u>\$< ></u>
SUBTOTAL FOR GENERAL OPERATING:	54.000 mills	\$ 234,735
3. General Obligation Bonds and Interest ^J	57.234mills	\$ 248,793
4. Contractual Obligations ^K	mills	\$
5. Capital Expenditures ^L	mills	\$
6. Refunds/Abatements ^M	mills	\$
7. Other ^N (specify):	mills	\$
	mills	\$
TOTAL: [Sum of General Operating Subtotal and Lines 3 to 7]	111.234 mills	\$ 483,528
Contact person: (print)Diane K Wheeler	Daytime phone: (303) 689-0833	3
Signed:	Title: District Accou	ntant

Include one copy of this tax entity's completed form when filing the local government's budget by January 31st, per 29-1-113 C.R.S., with the Division of Local Government (DLG), Room 521, 1313 Sherman Street, Denver, CO 80203. Questions? Call DLG at (303) 866-2156.

 ¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution.
 ² Levies must be rounded to <u>three</u> decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total <u>NET assessed valuation</u> (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's <u>final</u> certification of valuation).

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES, continued

THIS SECTION APPLIES TO TITLE 32, ARTICLE 1 SPECIAL DISTRICTS THAT LEVY TAXES FOR PAYMENT OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT (32-1-1603 C.R.S.). Taxing entities that are Special Districts or Subdistricts of Special Districts must certify separate mill levies and revenues to the Board of County Commissioners, one each for the funding requirements of each debt (32-1-1603, C.R.S.) Use additional pages as necessary. The Special District's or Subdistrict's total levies for general obligation bonds and total levies for contractual obligations should be recorded on Page 1, Lines 3 and 4 respectively.

CERTIFY A SEPARATE MILL LEVY FOR EACH BOND OR CONTRACT:

BONDS^J:

1.	Purpose of Issue:	\$3,220,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax)
		Bonds
	Series:	2020A
	Date of Issue:	April 16, 2020
	Coupon Rate:	5.500%
	Maturity Date:	December 1, 2050
	Levy:	38.829
	Revenue:	\$168,787
2.	Purpose of Issue:	\$736,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds
	Series:	2020B
	Date of Issue:	April 16, 2020
	Coupon Rate:	8.000%
	Maturity Date:	December 15, 2050
	Levy:	18.405
	Revenue:	\$80,006

CONTRACTS^K:

3.	Purpose of Contract:	
	Title:	
	Date:	
	Principal Amount:	
	Maturity Date:	
	Levy:	
	Revenue:	
4.	Purpose of Contract:	
	Title:	
	Date:	
	Principal Amount:	
	Maturity Date:	
	Levy:	
	Revenue:	

Use multiple copies of this page as necessary to separately report all bond and contractual obligations per 32-1-1603, C.R.S.

Exhibit D 2024 Budget

Indy Oak Tod Metropolitan District Adopted Budget General Fund For the Year ended December 31, 2024

		Actual <u>2022</u>		Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>		Actual <u>06/30/23</u>		stimate <u>2023</u>		Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$	137,888	<u>\$</u>	183,828	\$	171,462	\$	171,462	<u>\$</u>	150,766
Revenues:										
Property taxes		195,570		234,735		233,365		234,700		293,915
Specific ownership taxes		13,425		18,838		8,426		17,000		23,573
Fees		146,883		156,480		79,505		160,000		156,480
Interest income		4,715		50		4,180		5,000		50
Total revenues		360,593		410,103		325,476		416,700		474,018
Total funds available		498,481		593,931		496,938		588,162		624,784
Expenditures:										
Accounting / audit		16,877		18,000		7,256		18,000		19,000
Insurance/SDA dues		3,946		4,500		4,052		4,100		4,500
Legal - general counsel		35,881		55,000		42,701		65,000		55,000
Legal - covenant		-		5,000		1,472		5,000		5,000
Election		300		10,000		-		-		-
Management		56,225		70,525		30,702		70,525		74,000
Miscellaneous		9,020		8,000		3,866		7,500		8,000
Common area lights		-		2,000		-		-		2,000
Landscape Contract		16,476		40,000		18,423		25,000		30,000
Grounds Contract Extras		-		20,000		15,000		20,000		25,000
Sprinkler Repairs		5,785		5,000		-		5,000		5,000
Snow Removal		56,223		60,000		19,695		60,000		60,000
Street / sidewalk Repairs		-		20,000		-		20,000		20,000
Street Sweeping		-		1,000		-		-		1,000
Signage		-		500		-		-		500
Perimeter Walls / Fence / railings / retaining walls		-		2,500		-		-		2,500
Pet Waste Pickup		410		3,000		125		750		3,000
Detention Pond Maintenance		-		2,500		- 1 7 40		- - 000		2,500
Gas & Electric		3,706 6,050		10,000 15,000		1,749 1,543		5,000 15,000		10,000 15,000
Irrigation water & Sewer Domestic water & Sewer		84,885		80,000		30,373		80,000		80,000
Trash		29,670		30,807		30,373 16,117		33,000		33,000
Treasurer fees		2,934		3,521		3,500		3,521		4,409
Reserve		2,334		85,000		5,500		3,321		100,000
Contingency		_		25,522		_		_		48,593
Emergency reserve		-		16,556		-		-		16,782
Total expenditures		328,388		593,931		196,574		437,396		624,784
Ending fund balance	\$	170,093	\$		\$	300,364	\$	150,766	\$	
Assessed valuation	<u>*</u>		÷	4,346,943	.		.		<u>*</u>	5,302,170
Mill Levy			_	54.000						55.433

Indy Oak Tod Metropolitan District Adopted Budget Capital Projects Fund For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Actual <u>2022</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>	Actual <u>06/30/23</u>	Estimate <u>2023</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>	
Beginning fund balance	\$ 346,598	\$ 349,302	<u>\$ 355,994</u>	<u>\$ 355,994</u>	<u>\$ </u>	
Revenues: Interest income	9,396	. <u> </u>	8,567	16,000		
Total revenues	9,396		8,567	16,000		
Total funds available	355,994	349,302	364,561	371,994	371,994	
Expenditures: Capital expenditures		349,302		<u>-</u>	349,302	
Total expenditures		349,302			349,302	
Ending fund balance	<u>\$</u> 355,994	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 364,561	\$ 371,994	<u>\$ 22,692</u>	

Indy Oak Tod Metropolitan District Adopted Budget Debt Service Fund For the Year ended December 31, 2024

	Actu <u>2022</u>		Adopted Budget <u>2023</u>		Actual <u>06/30/23</u>		stimate <u>2023</u>	Adopted Budget <u>2024</u>
Beginning fund balance	<u>\$69</u>	<u>6,640</u>	\$ 598,23	<u> </u>	614,816	\$	614,816	\$ 86,410
Revenues:	10	0.000	040 70		047 044		040 700	000 000
Property taxes Specific ownership taxes		2,298 3,201	248,793 19,898		247,341 8,930		248,700 18,000	226,090 18,081
Loan proceeds	1	3,201 -	13,030	-	0,330		3,804,000	10,001
Interest income		5,886		<u> </u>	14,339		16,000	
Total revenues	21	1,385	268,69	<u> </u>	270,610		4,086,700	 244,171
Total funds available	90	8,025	866,92	<u>)</u>	885,426		4,701,516	 330,581
Expenditures:								
Bond interest expense Series A bonds		7,129	177,100		88,550		88,550	-
Bond interest expense Series B bonds	10	6,195	83,947	7	-		-	-
Loan interest expense		-	15.00	-	-		84,946	244,806
Loan principal Cost of issuance		-	15,000	J	-		- 171,664	10,000
Payment to refunding escrow		_		-	-		4,262,215	-
Treasurer's fees		2,885	3,732	2	3,710		3,731	3,391
Trustee / paying agent fees		7,000	4,000				4,000	 4,000
Total expenditures	29	3,209	283,77)	92,260		4,615,106	 262,197
Ending fund balance	\$ 61	4,816 \$	\$ 583,150) \$	793,166	\$	86,410	\$ 68,384
Assessed valuation		\$	\$ 4,346,94	<u>3</u>				\$ 5,302,170
Mill Levy		-	57.234	<u>1</u>				 42.641
Total Mill Levy		-	111.234	<u>1</u>				 98.074